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'No Plans To Communize U.S.'

Russia Ready To End Cold War, Says Eaton

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WASHINGTON, Oct. 30—Cyrus Eaton, Cleveland industrialist, today said Russia hasn't "the slightest thought of communizing the United States" and would agree to end the cold war "if they thought we meant it."

The outspoken Ohioan also told a capacity audience at the National Press Club that President Eisenhower should stop sending "ghost-written essays" to Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev and instead visit the Soviet Union.

"The cold war is no solution . . . the solution is to get together with these people," Eaton said. He said Khrushchev told him he would like to visit the United States.

Eaton, who visited Russia in August and September and had a 90-minute conference with Khrushchev, was particularly critical of Secretary of State John Foster Dulles. He suggested one of the ways the cold war might be ended would be "to persuade Dulles to take a long holiday."

Anticipating questions about his own political and economic views, the 74-year-old Ohioan said:

"Those of you who know my background realize I could hardly become a Communist. I am a capitalist by theory and practice.

"If Karl Marx lived in the United States today and saw what has been accomplished, he would be a capitalist."

Eaton, board chairman of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway,

was asked if he and Khrushchev got around to discussing the slave labor camps in Russia or the Hungarian freedom revolt.

Admitting he did not talk to Khrushchev about the Hungarian revolt, Eaton said he did discuss the revolution with statesmen and Hungarians all over Europe and they concluded "the Hungarian issue is a phony one." He was told, he said, that a revolt against the government always brings out the military, that the Hungarian youths are very emotional and that they were misled by U. S. propaganda. He said this propaganda suggested Hungarians could quickly obtain all the material advantages America enjoys if they were free of the Russians.

Eaton also was asked why he thinks the United States could

ever trust Russia to keep agreements and why he thinks Russia wants to end the cold war when Khrushchev has declared he intends to "bury" the United States.

Eaton said Khrushchev's threat was nothing more than "campaign oratory" similar to political statements made in this country during a campaign. He said he advised Khrushchev not to believe everything that is said during a campaign here or he would think the country couldn't survive no matter who won the election. Khrushchev laughed at this, he said.

"He has a sense of humor and that's why he is a good man to deal with," Eaton said.

As for the Reds keeping agreements, Eaton said it should be remembered that "they distrust us as much as

we distrust them . . . but you can trust people when their own interests are best served" by the agreement.

"I believe the Russian people want to make peace and get along with us," Eaton said. He added that the Russians are "really going places" and are making "astounding strides" in industrial development.

Asked to explain the Soviet reaction to Boris Pasternak's winning the Nobel Prize for literature, Eaton said it is the "young people who think their system is too, too wonderful . . . and who don't like for it to be criticized . . . who are causing the commotion, not the more mature and stable officials."

"I would gamble Khrushchev and his cabinet aren't bothered," the Ohioan said.

On another controversial topic—his recent criticism of the FBI, and the extent of police authority in American life—Eaton was asked about J. Edgar Hoover, director of the FBI.

Eaton said Hoover has "done a great job, but a policeman should have some limitations . . . It isn't up to him to tell people what to say and think. When he gave the Supreme Court a tongue lashing, I thought that was going pretty far for a policeman."

Eaton said he found "far less emphasis" on police power in Russia than in the United States. He explained that he and Khrushchev walked the streets near the Kremlin without guards but he doubted that President Eisenhower could do that here.